



# The Effect of Long Term Annual Compost Application on the Distribution and Stability of Soil Organic Matter

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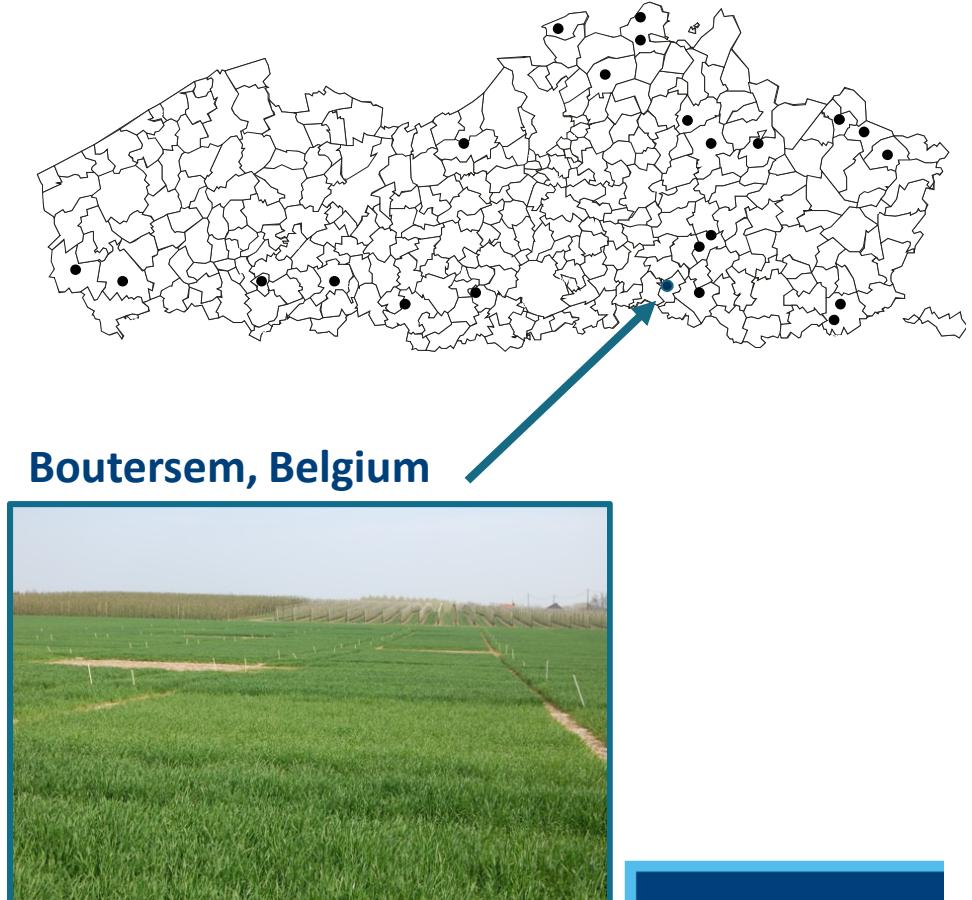
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# VFG Compost Experiment

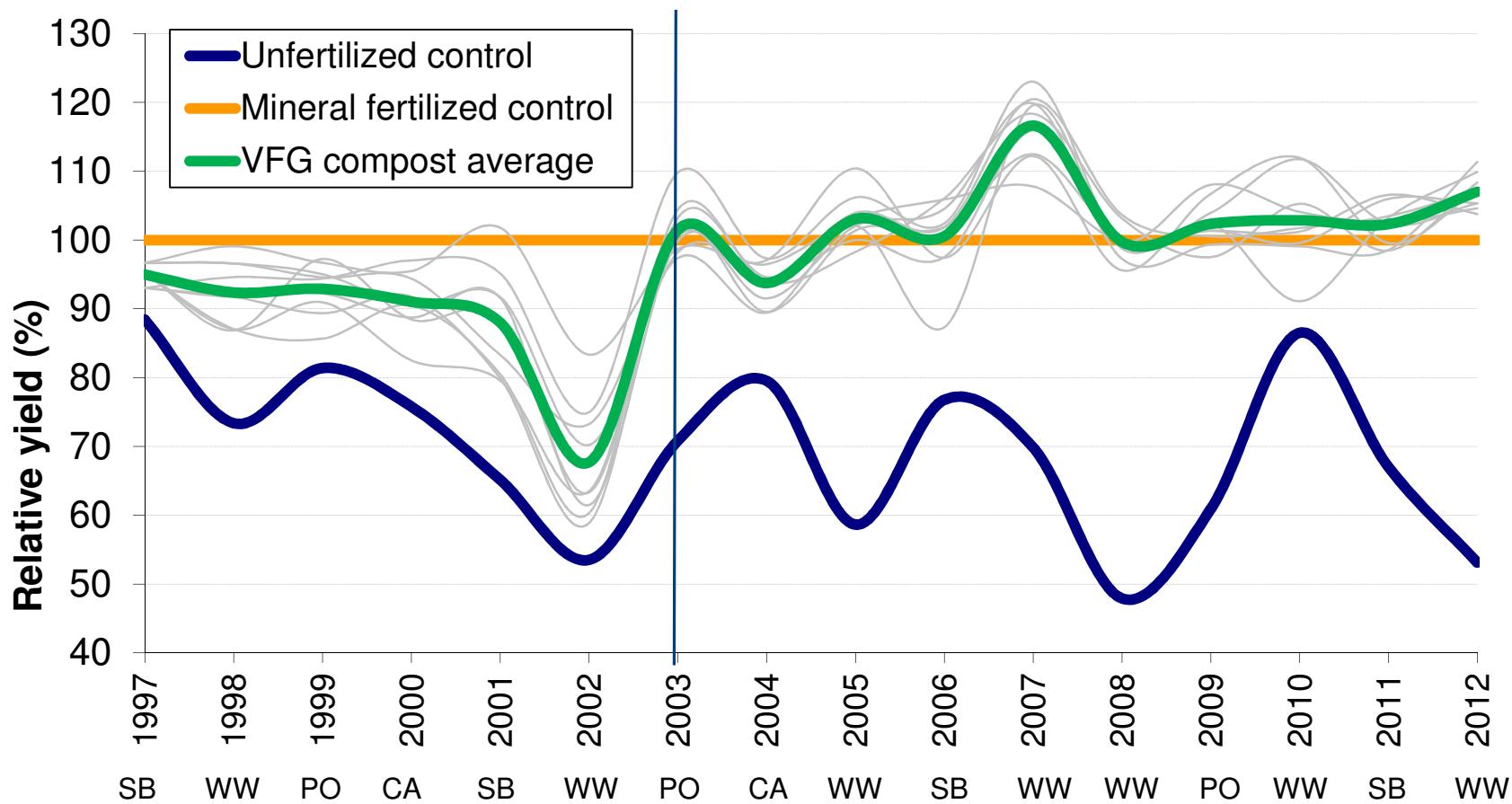
- Set up in 1997
- 12 treatments
  - 3 levels of VFG compost (15, 30 and 45 t/ha)
  - 3 application frequencies (every 1, 2 or 3 years)
  - Mineral fertilized control
  - Unfertilized control
  - Bare control
- Crop rotation: beet, wheat and potatoes



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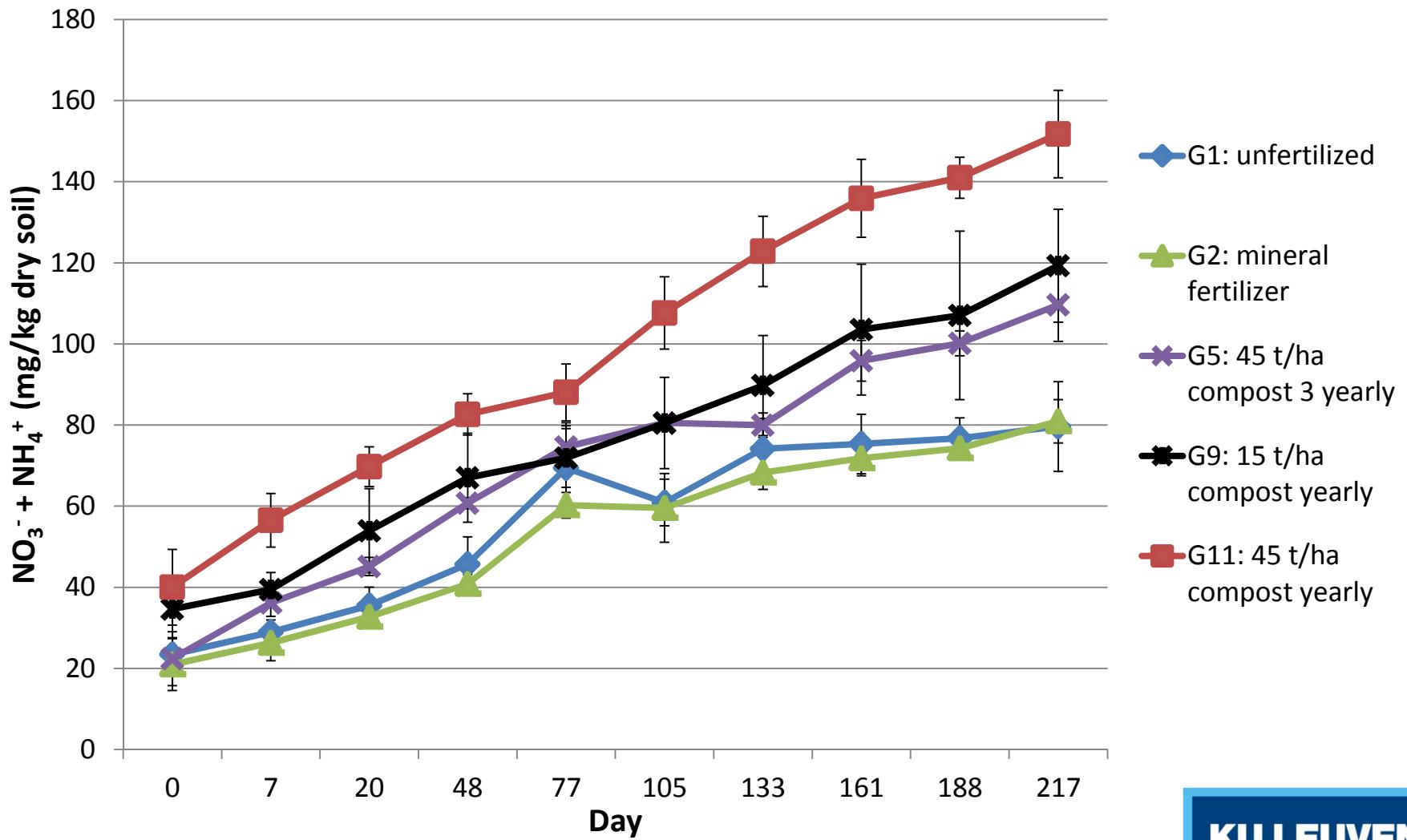
# Relative Yield after 16 Years



SB: sugar beet  
CA: carrots

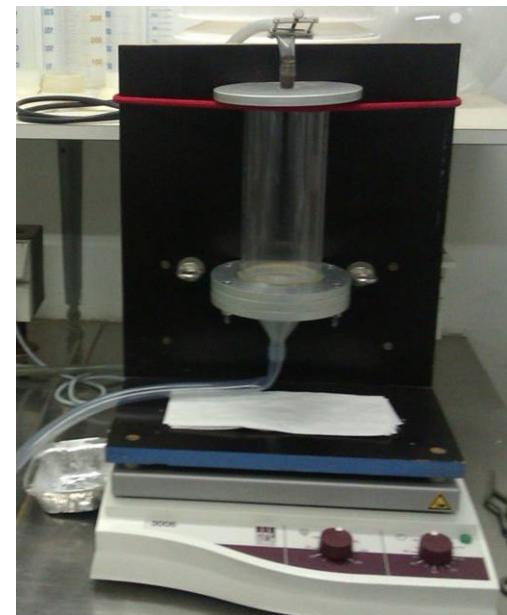
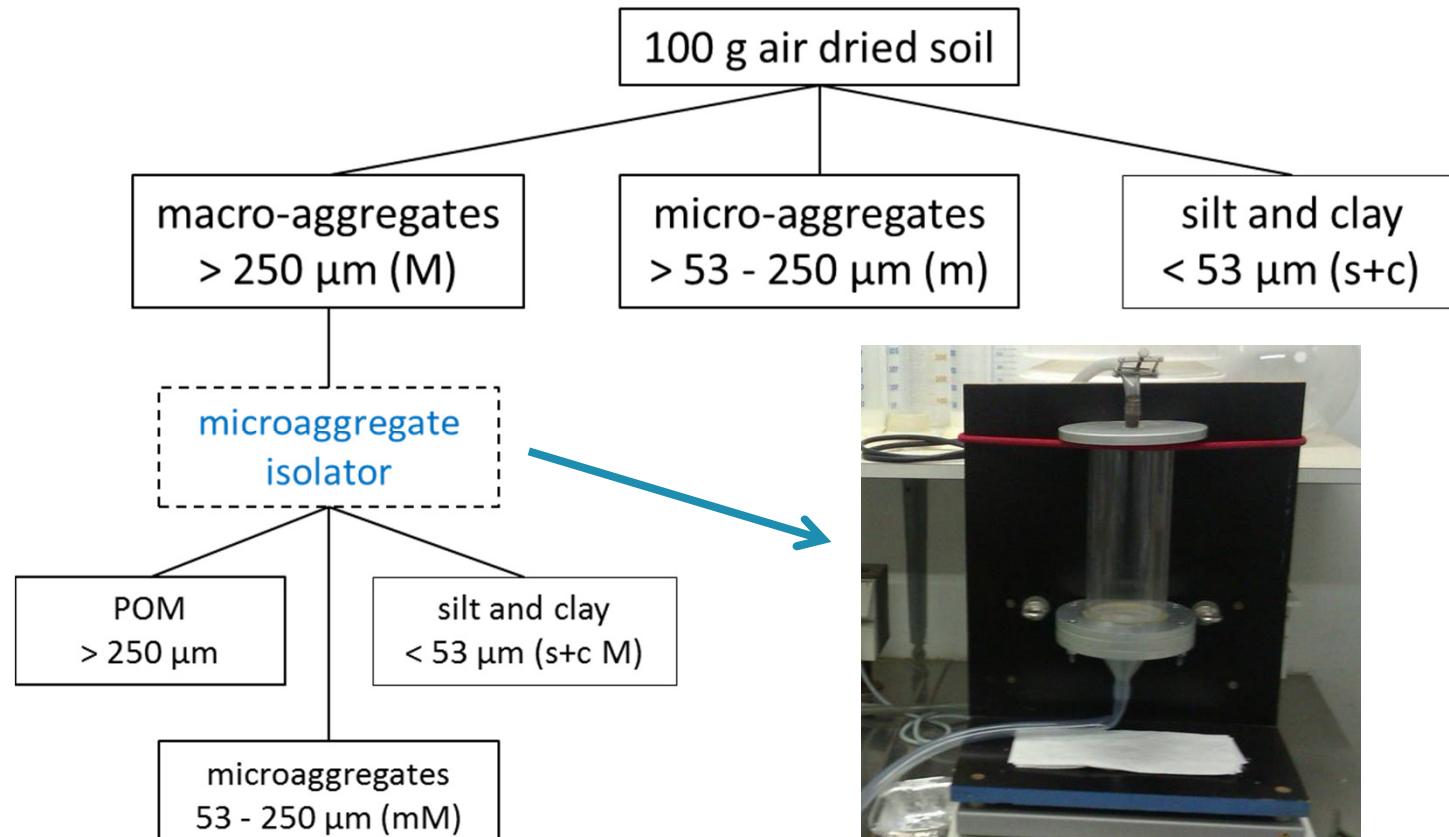
WW: winter wheat  
PO: potatoes

# Nitrogen Mineralization Potential





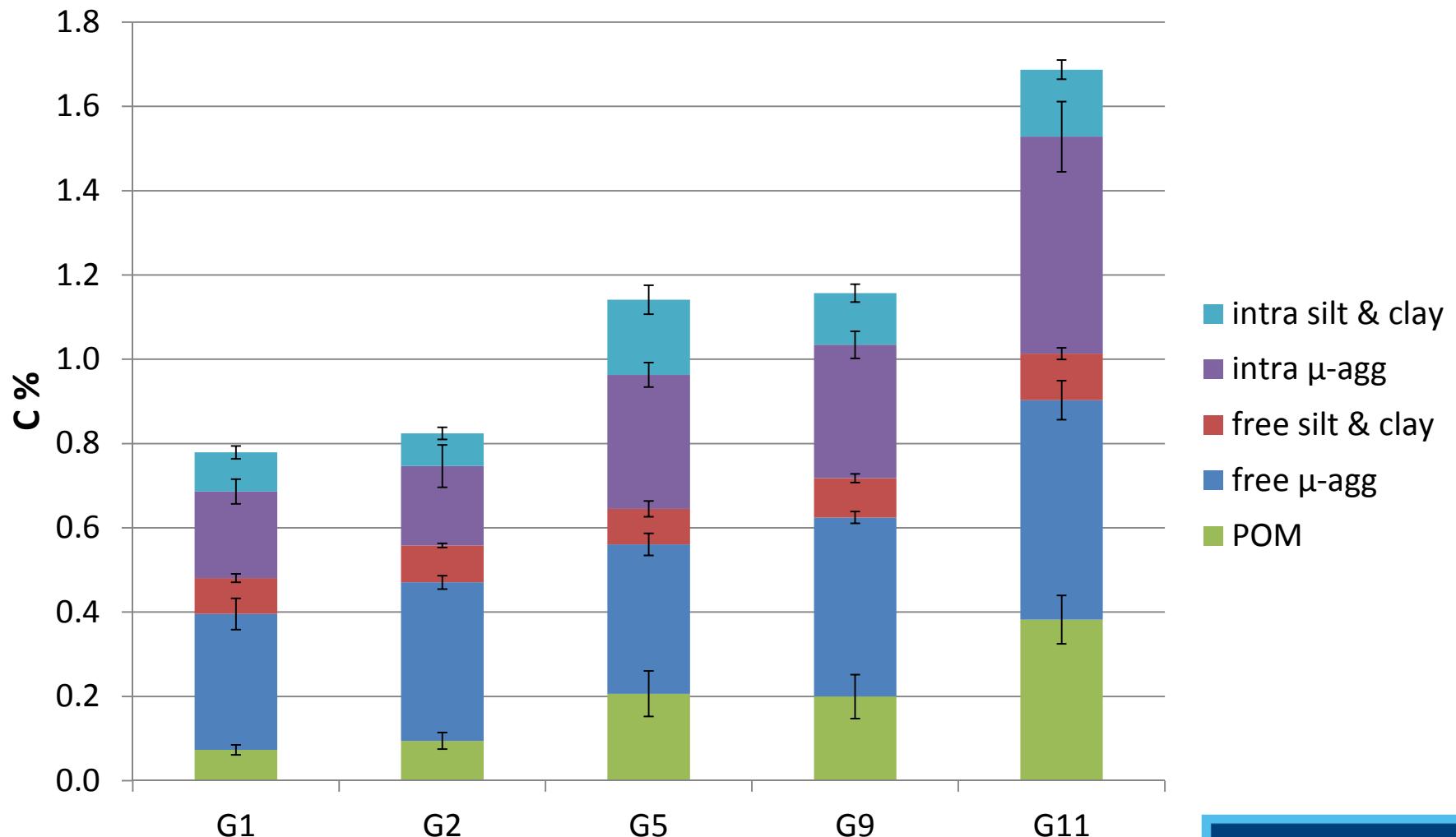
# Isolation of Main SOC Fractions



Based on Six *et al.* 2002



# SOC Distribution among Fractions



# Determining Relative SOC Stability



$$f_N = 1 - e^{\left(\frac{\delta_m - \delta_p}{\varepsilon}\right)}$$

$$f_C = f_N + (1 - f_N) \cdot \left(1 - \left(\frac{r_m}{r_p}\right)\right)$$

$$n = \frac{c_m}{c_p \cdot (1 - f_c)}$$

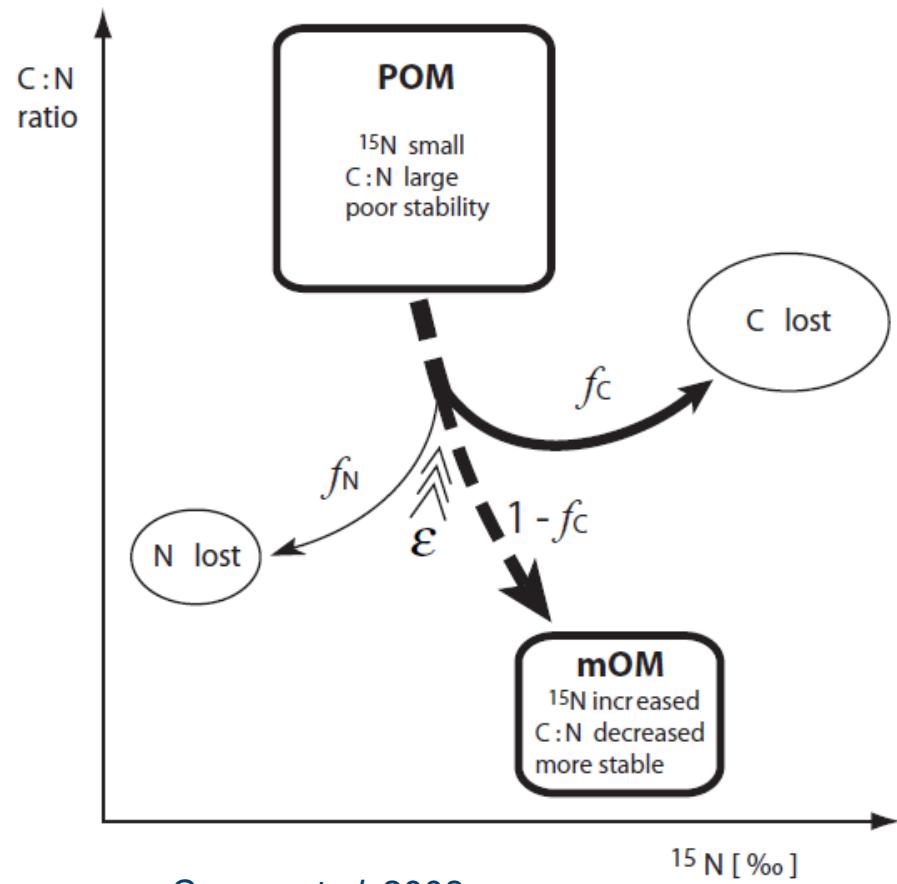
$$\delta = \delta^{15}\text{N}$$

$$r = \text{C:N ratio}$$

$$C = [\text{C}] \text{ mg/g soil}$$

$$m = \text{mOM}$$

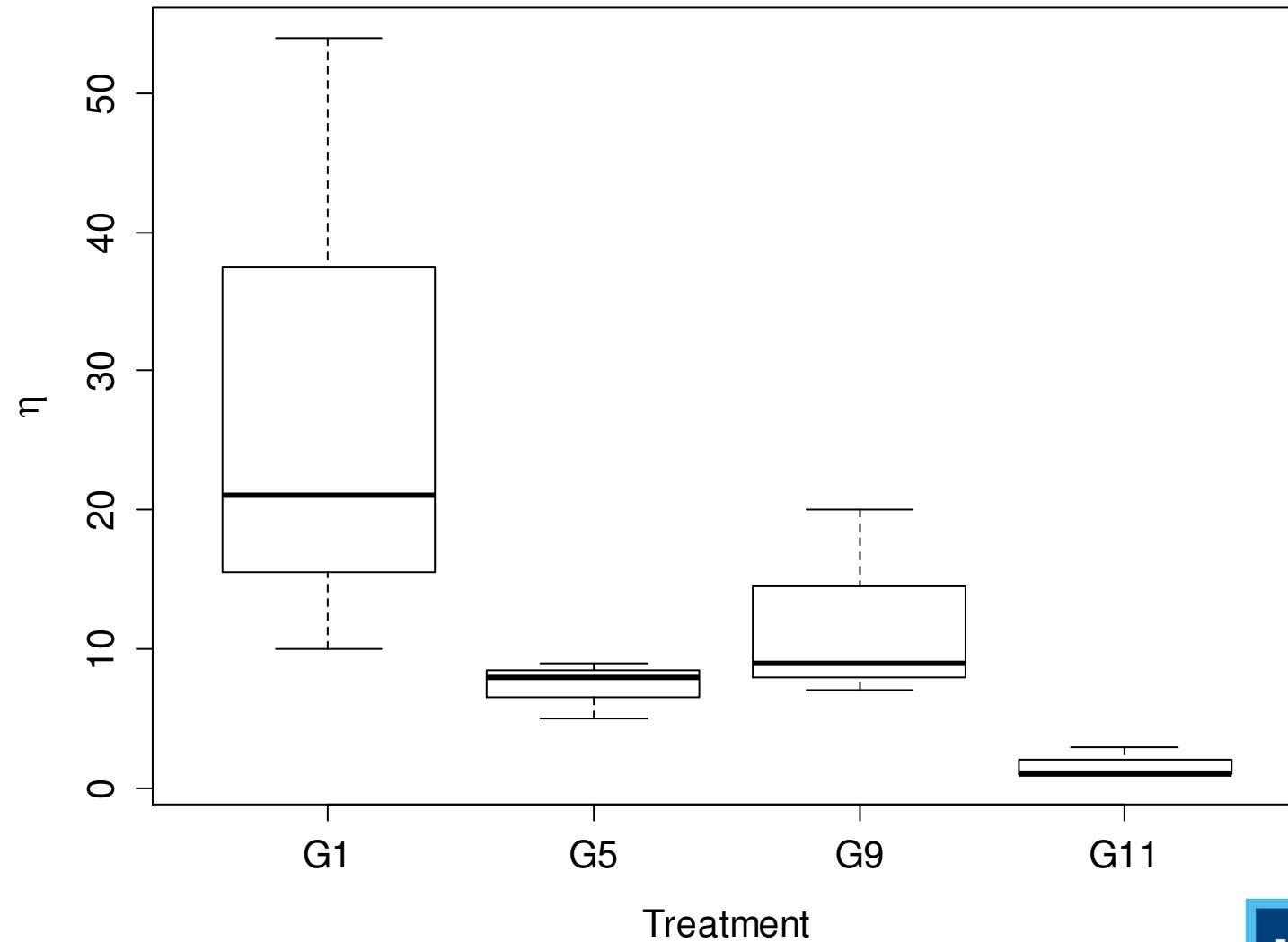
$$p = \text{POM}$$



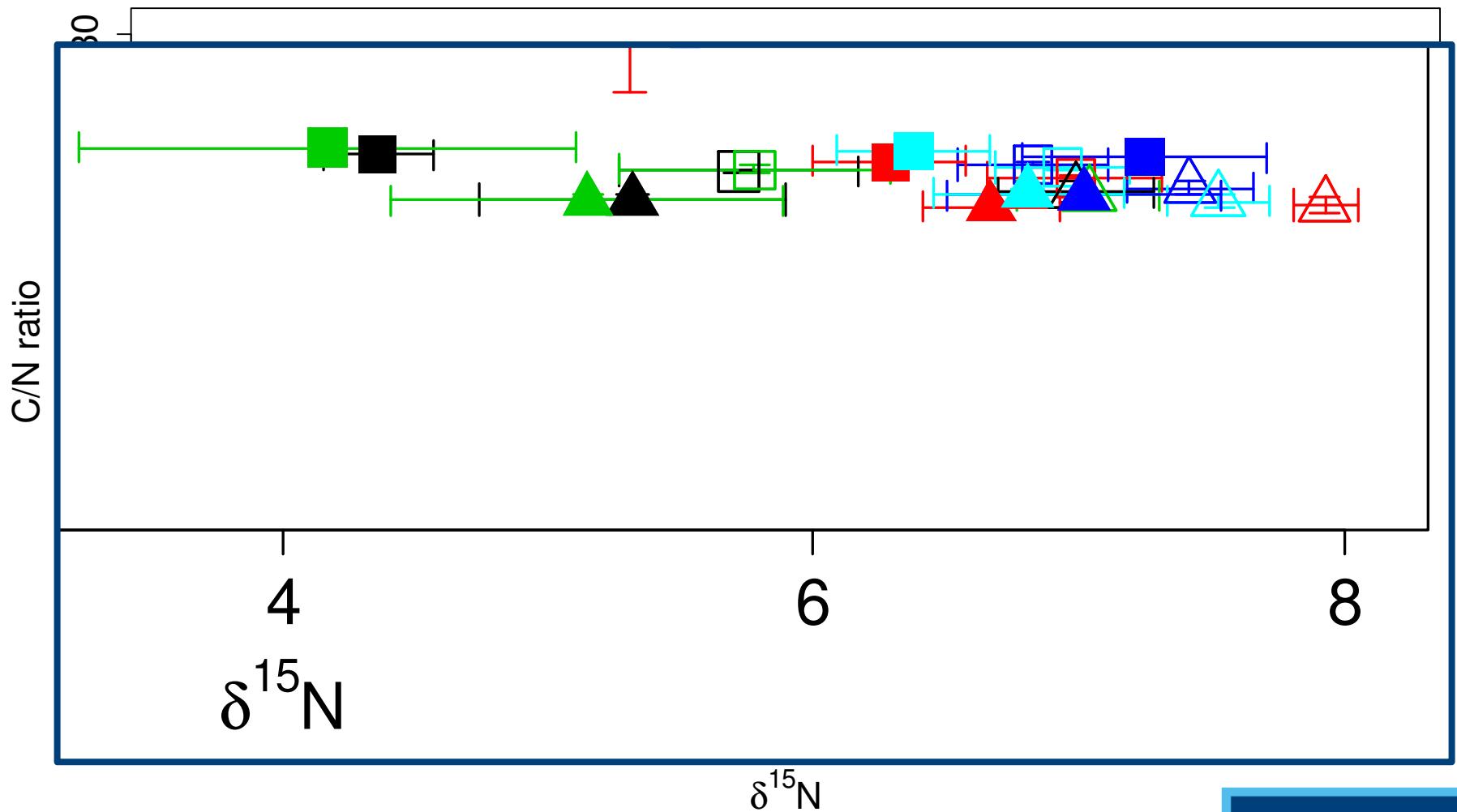
Conen *et al.* 2008



# Relative Stability ( $\eta$ )



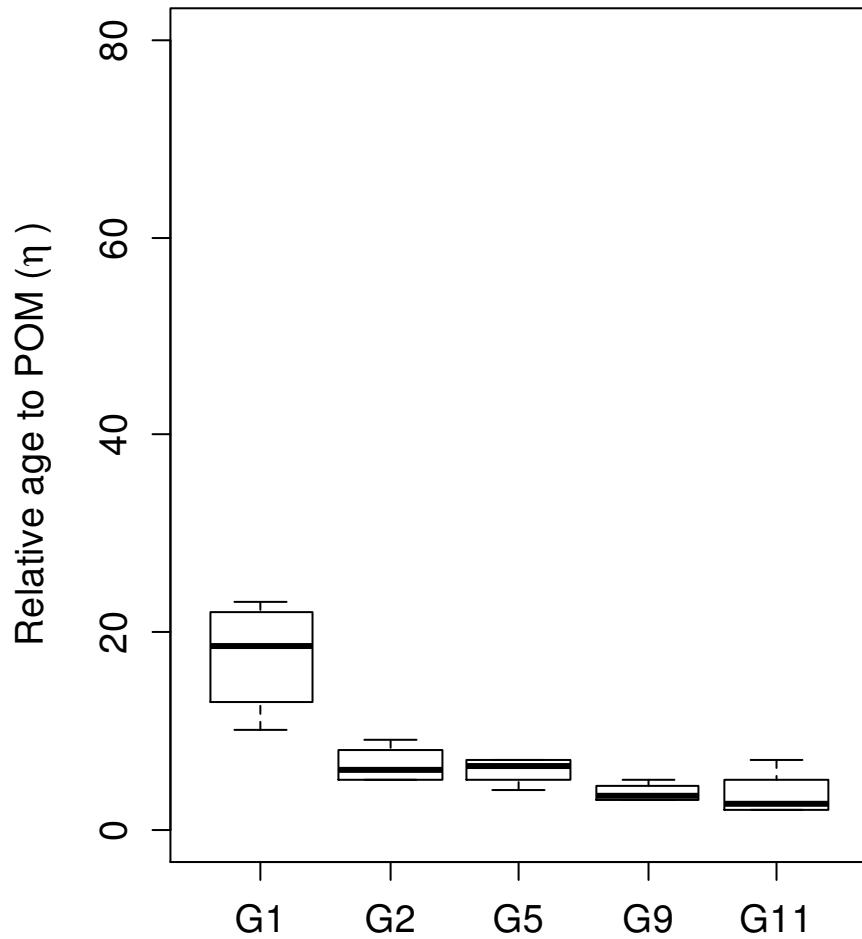
# Signature of Isolated SOC Fractions



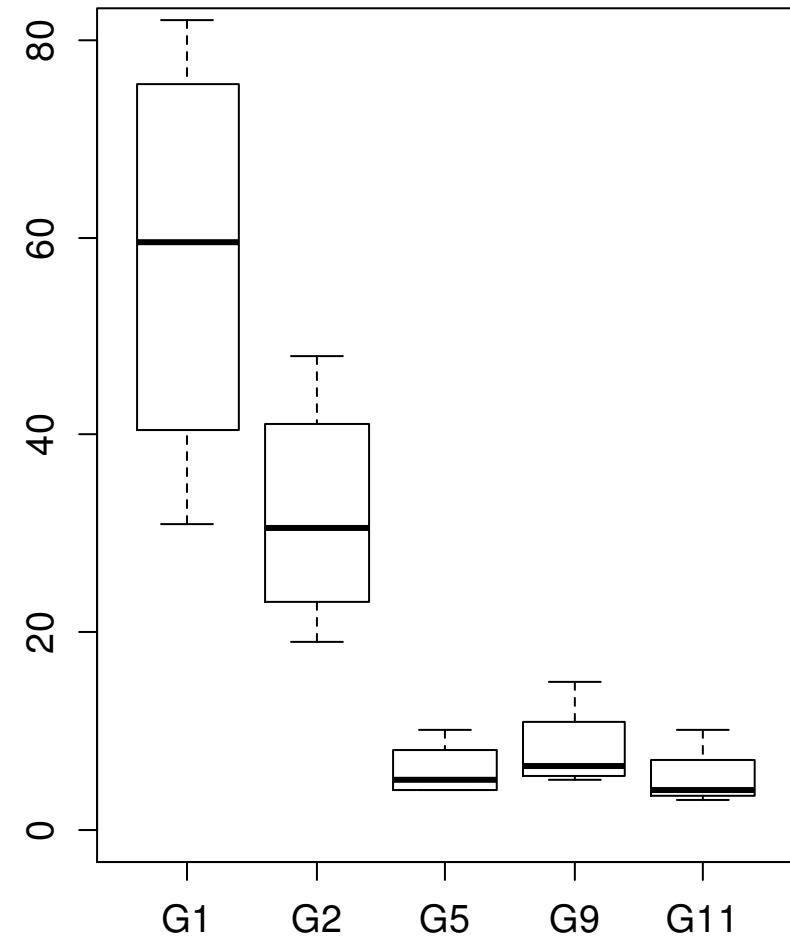
# Relative Stability Multiple Pools ( $\eta$ )



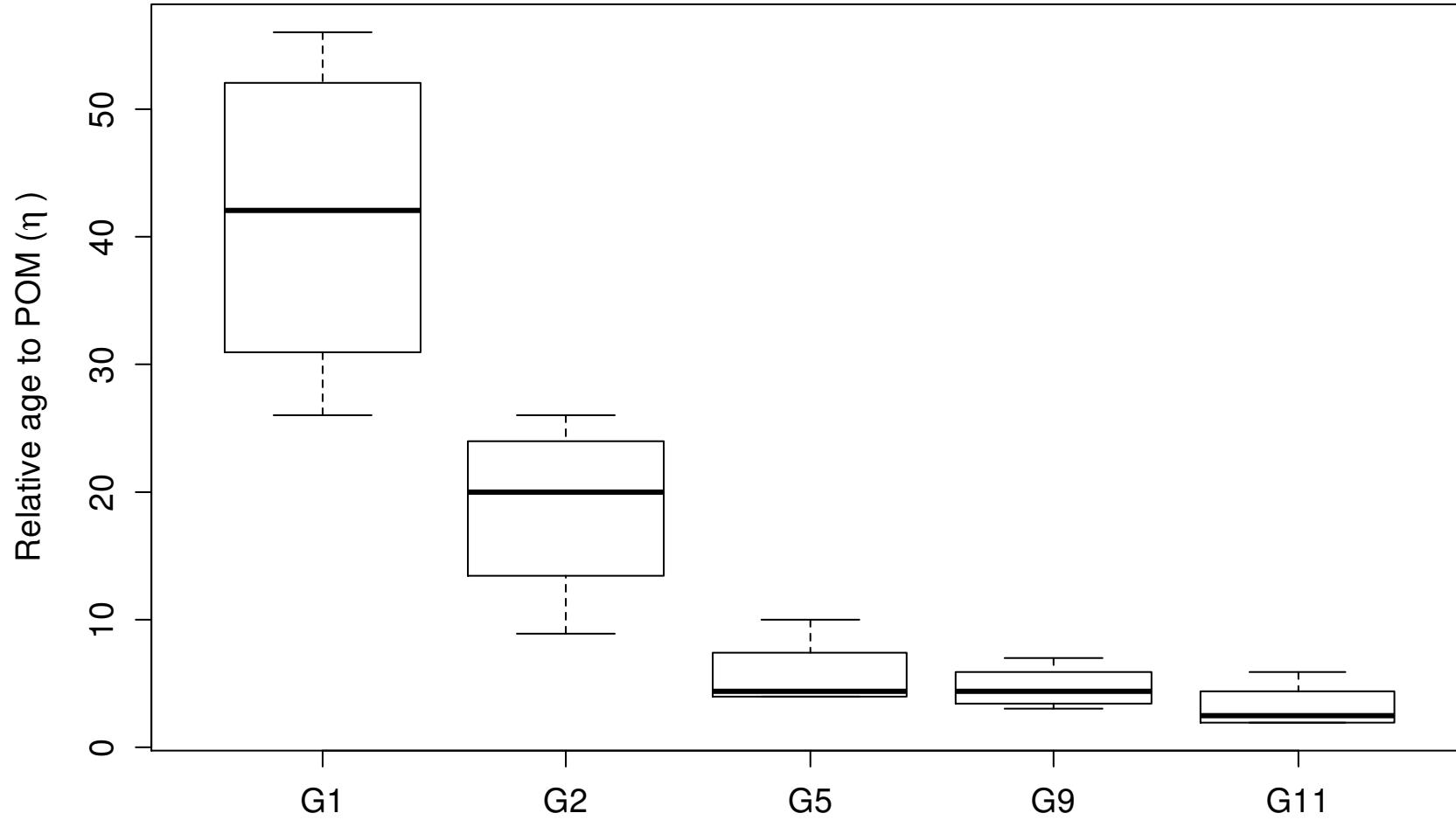
Intra  $\mu$ -aggregates



Free  $\mu$ -aggregates



# Relative Stability Multiple Pools ( $\eta$ )





# Conclusion

- VGF compost can replace (part of) mineral fertilizer need
- Long term compost application leads to:
  - Increased residual N mineralization potential
  - Altered SOC distribution
  - Decreased SOC stability
- Model is promising tool but needs validation with  $^{14}\text{C}$  measurements



# Acknowledgements

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## Thanks for your attention



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